

## **Amendments to the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application:

### **Listing of Claims**

1. (previously presented) An image processing device for emphasizing a contrast of an image taken by an image sensor composed of a plurality of light-sensor circuits each representing a unit pixel and comprising a photoelectric converting element for producing a sensor current proportional to a quantity of incident light falling thereon, a MOS type transistor having a logarithmic output characteristic in a weak inverse state for converting the sensor current produced by the photoelectric converting element into a voltage signal, and an initializing means for initializing the sensor circuit by removing electric charge accumulated in the parasitic capacity of the photoelectric converting element by changing a drain voltage of the MOS type transistor to a level lower than a normal for a specified period, and an outputting means for outputting an image signal having a logarithmic response characteristic at a large sensor current and a sensor signal having a non-logarithmic response characteristic at a small sensor current,

wherein a whole luminous area of an image is divided equally into a plurality of continuous divisions, and an image data from the image sensor is converted by using a conversion table into image data with emphasis of a change in brightness in each of the divisions to represent the luminous distribution in a gray level contour line map.

2- 3. (canceled)

4. (original) An image processing device as defined in claim 1, wherein a whole luminous area of an image is divided into a plurality of discrete divisions and a change in brightness in each of the divisions separately emphasized.

5. (canceled)

6. (canceled)

7. (previously presented) An image processing method for emphasizing a contrast of an image taken by an image sensor composed of a plurality of light-sensor circuits each representing a unit pixel and comprising a photoelectric converting element for producing a sensor current proportional to a quantity of incident light falling thereon, a MOS type transistor having a logarithmic output characteristic in a weak inverse state for converting the sensor current produced by the photoelectric converting element into a voltage signal, and an initializing means for initializing the sensor circuit by removing electric charge accumulated in the parasitic capacity of the photoelectric converting element by changing a drain voltage of the MOS type transistor to a level lower than a normal for a specified period, and an outputting means for outputting an image signal having a logarithmic response characteristic at a large sensor current and a sensor signal having a non-logarithmic response characteristic at a small sensor current,

comprising the steps of dividing equally a whole luminous area of an image into a plurality of continuous divisions and converting data of the image from the image sensor by using a conversion table into image data with an emphasis on a change in brightness in each of the divisions to represent the luminous distribution in a gray level contour line map.

8 - 9. (canceled)

10. (previously presented) An image processing device as defined in claim 7, wherein a whole luminous area of an image is divided by the conversion table into a plurality of discrete divisions and a change in brightness in each of the divisions is separately emphasized.

11. (canceled)

12. (canceled)